

21

Community Cluster.....2

Landscape Class.....1

**Description**

These counties are distinguished by a separation of wildland and communities, and a high fire occurrence. There is limited evidence of prescribed fire use here, unlike adjacent counties.

**Example of a Typical County**

*Clinton County, Pennsylvania:* Clinton county experienced large fires in 2006 and in prior decades in the oak-heath state forest lands.



**Challenges and Opportunities**

**Vegetation and Fuels**

Local discretion should be used to determine the importance of fuel treatment, which treatment is applicable and what is affordable based on the use of local resources.

**Homes, Communities and Values at Risk**

Communities can plan and take coordinated action, in combination with individual actions by property owners. This can include the creation of buffers and strategic fuel breaks. These counties could adjust building and construction codes in all areas.

**Human-Caused Ignitions**

Reduce accidental human-caused ignitions through enforcement or greater education of the danger of attended fires.

**Effective and Efficient Wildfire Response**

Response organizations continue to protect structures, treat fuels and target ignitions as local conditions apply.

**National Priorities**

Vegetation and Fuels	Moderate
Homes, Communities and Values at Risk	High
Human-Caused Ignitions	Moderate

**Effective and Efficient Response:** Counties in this combo have high risk to large wildfires and most counties have less potential for resource benefits than others.

## 21 County Names

### **Colorado**

---

Huerfano

### **Kansas**

---

Chautauqua

Geary

### **Minnesota**

---

Becker

### **Montana**

---

Fergus

Musselshell

Stillwater

Wheatland

### **Nebraska**

---

Johnson

Pawnee

### **Oklahoma**

---

Blaine

Jefferson

### **Oregon**

---

Umatilla

### **Pennsylvania**

---

Clinton

### **Texas**

---

Bosque

Hamilton

Mills

Taylor