

1H

Community Cluster.....1

Landscape Class.....H

Description

The majority of these counties are located in the southeast. They are predominately forested with an active forest products industry. This industry, combined with good road infrastructure supports a system of mechanical and strategic prescribed fire applications. There are many homes mixed into the landscape, which leads to problematic restoration of the fire regime. One of the best ways to reduce risk is to concentrate on lowering the number of intentional ignitions.

Challenges and Opportunities

Vegetation and Fuels

There may be an active forest products industry nearby, which could support fuel treatments. Treatments are economical as a precursor to prescribed fire.

Homes, Communities and Values at Risk

Local discretion should be used to determine the importance of home and community actions.

Effective and Efficient Wildfire Response

Response organizations continue to protect structures, treat fuels and target ignitions as local conditions apply.

Human-Caused Ignitions

Reduce human-caused incendiary ignitions by focusing on enforcement programs.

Example of a Typical County

Fayette County, Alabama: This rural county lies 50 miles northwest of Tuscaloosa. Eighty-nine percent of the county is forested and this is nearly all privately held and it is occasionally burned.



National Priorities

Vegetation and Fuels	Very Low
Homes, Communities and Values at Risk	Very Low
Human-Caused Ignitions	Low

Effective and Efficient Response: There is low risk of large wildfires.

1H County Names

Alabama

Chambers
Covington
Dale
Fayette
Henry
Lamar
Tallapoosa

Arkansas

Calhoun
Clark
Cleveland
Dallas
Grant
Ouachita
Perry

Georgia

Meriwether

Kentucky

Robertson

Louisiana

Jackson
Union
Vernon
West Feliciana

Nebraska

Keya Paha

Texas

Karnes
Newton

Virginia

Charlotte
Highland
Richmond

West Virginia

Grant

Wisconsin

Columbia
Oneida